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For Professional Use Only

# AmpliSens<sup>®</sup> Helicobacter pylori-FEP

# PCR kit

# **Instruction Manual**

# **AmpliSens**<sup>®</sup>



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#### **1. INTENDED USE**

**AmpliSens**<sup>®</sup> *Helicobacter pylori*-FEP PCR kit is an *in vitro* nucleic acid amplification test for qualitative detection of *Helicobacter pylori* DNA in clinical material (biopsy material of gastric mucosa) by using end-point hybridization-fluorescence detection of amplified products.



The results of PCR analysis are taken into account in complex diagnostics of disease.

# 2. PRINCIPLE OF PCR DETECTION

*Helicobacter pylori* DNA detection by the polymerase chain reaction (PCR) is based on the amplification of pathogen genome specific region using specific *Helicobacter pylori* primers. In Fluorescent End-Point PCR, the amplified product is detected by using fluorescent dyes. These dyes are linked to oligonucleotide probes which bind specifically to the amplified product during thermocycling. A multichannel rotor-type fluorometer is specially designed to detect fluorescence emission from the fluorophores in a reaction mixture after PCR. It allows detection of the accumulating product without re-opening the reaction tubes after the PCR run. **AmpliSens<sup>®</sup> Helicobacter pylori-FEP** PCR kit is a qualitative test that contains the Internal Control (IC). It must be used in the extraction procedure in order to control the extraction process of each individual sample and to identify possible reaction inhibition. **AmpliSens<sup>®</sup> Helicobacter pylori-FEP** PCR kit uses "hot-start", which greatly reduces the frequency of nonspecifically primed reactions. "Hot-start" is guaranteed by separation of nucleotides and Taq-polymerase by a chemically modified polymerase (TaqF). Chemically modified polymerase (TaqF) is activated by heating at 95 °C for 15 min.

#### 3. CONTENT

AmpliSens<sup>®</sup> Helicobacter pylori-FEP PCR kit is produced in 1 form:

AmpliSens<sup>®</sup> Helicobacter pylori-FEP PCR kit variant FEP-50 F, **REF** B9-FEP-CE.

AmpliSens<sup>®</sup> Helicobacter pylori-FEP PCR kit variant FEP-50 F includes:

Reagent Description		Volume (ml)	Quantity
PCR-mix-1-FL <i>Helicobacter pylori /</i> STI	colorless clear liquid	0.6	1 tube
PCR-mix-2-FRT	colorless clear liquid	0.3	1 tube
Polymerase (TaqF)	colorless clear liquid	0.03	1 tube
DNA-buffer	colorless clear liquid	0.5	1 tube
Positive Control DNA Helicobacter pylori (C+ <sub>Helicobacter</sub>	colorless clear liquid	0.1	1 tube
Positive Control STI-88 (CS+)	colorless clear liquid	0.1	1 tube
Mineral oil for PCR	colorless viscous liquid	4.0	1 dropper bottle
Negative Control (C-)*	colorless clear liquid	1.2	1 tube
Internal Control-FL (IC)**	colorless clear liquid	1.0	1 tube

\* must be used in the extraction procedure as Negative Control of Extraction.

\*\* add 10 μl of Internal Control during the DNA extraction procedure directly to the sample/lysis mixture (DNA-sorb-B, **REF** K1-2-50-CE or RIBO-prep, **REF** K2-9-Et-50-CE).

AmpliSens<sup>®</sup> *Helicobacter pylori*-FEP PCR kit is intended for 55 reactions (including controls).

# 4. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- DNA extraction kit
- Disposable powder-free gloves and laboratory coat.
- Pipettes (adjustable).
- Sterile pipette tips with aerosol barriers (up to 200 µl).
- Tube racks.
- Vortex mixer.
- Desktop centrifuge with a rotor for 2-ml tubes.
- PCR box.
- Personal thermocyclers (for example, Gradient Palm Cycler (Corbett Research, Australia), MaxyGene (Axygen, USA), GeneAmp PCR System 2700 (Applied Biosystems, USA) or equivalent).
- Fluorometer (for example, ALA-1/4 (Biosan, Latvia) or equivalent).
- Personal computer.

- Disposable polypropylene microtubes for PCR (0.5- or 0.2-ml) (for example, Axygen, USA).
- Refrigerator for 2-8 °C.
- Deep-freezer for  $\leq -16$  °C.
- Waste bin for used tips.

# **5. GENERAL PRECAUTIONS**

The user should always pay attention to the following:

- Use sterile pipette tips with aerosol barriers and use new tip for every procedure.
- Store and handle amplicons away from all other reagents.
- Thaw all components thoroughly at room temperature before starting detection.
- When thawed, mix the components and centrifuge briefly.
- Use disposable gloves, laboratory coats, and protect eyes while samples and reagents handling. Thoroughly wash hands afterwards.
- Do not eat, drink, smoke, apply cosmetics, or handle contact lenses in laboratory work areas.
- Do not use a kit after its expiration date.
- Dispose of all samples and unused reagents in compliance with local authorities' requirements.
- Samples should be considered potentially infectious and handled in a biological cabinet in accordance with appropriate biosafety practices.
- Clean and disinfect all sample or reagent spills using a disinfectant such as 0.5 % sodium hypochlorite, or other suitable disinfectant.
- Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and mucosa. If skin, eyes and mucosa contact immediately flush with water, seek medical attention.
- Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) are available on request.
- Use of this product should be limited to personnel trained in the techniques of DNA amplification.
- The laboratory process must be one-directional, it should begin in the Extraction Area and then move to the Amplification and Detection Areas. Do not return samples, equipment and reagents to the area in which the previous step was performed.



Some components of this kit contain sodium azide as a preservative. Do not use metal tubing for reagent transfer.

#### 6. SAMPLING AND HANDLING



Obtaining samples of biological materials for PCR-analysis, transportation and storage are described in manufacturer's handbook [1]. It is recommended that this handbook is read before starting work.



The clinical material must be taken according to state and local authorities' requirements.

AmpliSens<sup>®</sup> Helicobacter pylori-FEP PCR kit is intended for analysis of DNA extracted

by using DNA extraction kits from biopsy material of gastric mucosa.

#### 7. WORKING CONDITIONS

AmpliSens® Helicobacter pylori-FEP PCR kit should be used at 18-25 °C.

# 8. PROTOCOL

#### 8.1 DNA extraction

It is recommended to use the following nucleic acid extraction kits:

- DNA-sorb-B, REF K1-2-50-CE.
- RIBO-prep, **REF** K2-9-Et-50-CE.



Extract DNA according to the manufacturer's instructions.

# 8.2 Preparing PCR

The total reaction volume is  $25 \ \mu l$ , the volume of DNA sample is  $10 \ \mu l$ .

#### 8.2.1 Preparing tubes for PCR



Reaction mixture components should be mixed just before analysis with calculating per required reaction number (test and control samples) according to Appendix 1. Note that even for analysis of one test or control DNA sample it is necessary to run all controls of the PCR amplification stage: positive controls (C+ and CS+), negative control of amplification (NCA) and two Background tubes. It is recommended to mix the reagents for even reaction number for the purpose of more exact dosage.

- 1. Before starting work, thaw and thoroughly vortex all reagents of the kit. Make sure that there are no drops on the caps of the tubes.
- 2. Take the required number of 0.2- or 0.5-ml tubes for amplification for the clinical and control samples and the **Background** samples. The type of tubes depends on the PCR instrument used for analysis.
- 3. To prepare the reaction mixture mix **PCR-mix-1-FL** *Helicobacter pylori /* **STI** and **PCR-mix-2-FRT** in a new sterile tube (see Appendix 1). Thoroughly vortex the mixture, make sure that there are no drops on the caps of the tubes.
- 4. Mark two tubes as **Background** and add 15 µl of the prepared mixture (without **REF** B9-FEP-CE / **VER** 18.12.10–19.06.11 / Page 6 of 13

**Polymerase (TaqF)**) and 10  $\mu$ l of the **DNA-buffer** to each tube. Mix by pipetting. Add above **1** drop of **mineral oil for PCR** (about **25**  $\mu$ l).

- 5. Add **Polymerase (TaqF)** to the remaining reaction mixture (see Appendix 1). Thoroughly vortex the mixture, make sure that there are no drops on the caps of the tubes.
- Transfer 15 μl of the prepared reaction mixture to each PCR tube. Add above 1 drop of mineral oil for PCR (about 25 μl).
- 7. Add 10 µl of DNA samples obtained from the clinical samples.



Avoid transferring sorbent beads together with the DNA sample in case of extraction by "DNA-sorb-B" reagents kit.

8. Carry out the control amplification reactions:

C+ <sub>Helicobacter</sub>	-Add <b>10 μl</b> of <b>Positive Control DNA <i>Helicobacter pylori</i> to the tube</b>
pylori	labeled C+ <sub>Helicobacter pylori</sub> (Positive Control of Amplification).
ČS+	-Add <b>10 µl</b> of <b>Positive Control STI-88</b> to the tube labeled CS+ (Positive
	Control of Amplification of IC).
NCA	-Add <b>10</b> µl of <b>DNA-buffer</b> to the tube labeled NCA (Negative Control of Amplification).

# 8.2.2 Amplification

Run the following program in the thermocycler (see Table 1). When the temperature reaches 95 °C (pause mode), insert tubes into the thermocycler cells and press the button to continue.

It is recommended to sediment drops from walls of tubes by short vortexing (1–3 s) before placing them in the thermocycler.

Table 1

# **DNA** amplification program

	Thermocyclers with active temperature adjustment		Thermocyclers with block temperature adjustment			
GeneAmp PCR System 2700 (Applied Biosystems), Gradient Palm Cycler (Corbett Research), MaxyGene (Axygen, USA)		Uno-2	2 (Biometra)	)		
Step	Temperature, °C	Time	Cycles	Temperature, °C	Time	Cycles
0	95	pause		95	pause	
1	95	15 min	1	95	15 min	1
	95	20 s		95	1 min	
2	60	25 s	42	60	1 min	42
	72	25 s		72	1 min	
3	72	1 min	1	72	1 min	1
4	10	storage		10	storage	·····

Amplification programs for different thermocycler models are described in Guidelines "End-Point PCR Detection of *Helicobacter pylori* DNA" [2].

# 9. DATA ANALYSIS

Detection is performed using a fluorescence detector.

Please read the fluorescence detector Operating Manual before using this kit.

Program the detector according to the manufacturer's manual and Guidelines [2].

# The fluorescent signal intensity is detected in two channels:

- the signal from the IC DNA amplification product is detected in the FAM channel (or analogous, depending on the detector model);
- the signal from the *Helicobacter pylori* DNA amplification product is detected in the HEX channel (or analogous, depending on the detector model).



Prior to detection, all settings should be entered and saved. Refer to the **Guidelines** and the **Important Product Information Bulletin** for settings.

Principle of interpretation is given in the table 2.

Table 2

· ·			
Ct value in channel		Interpretation	
FAM	HEX	Interpretation	
> threshold or < threshold	> threshold of positive result	Helicobacter pylori DNA is detected	
		in a sample	
> threshold	< threshold of negative	Helicobacter pylori DNA is <b>not</b>	
> tillesiloid	result	detected in a sample	
< threshold	< threshold of negative	Invalid result	
< tillesilolu	result	invalid result	
	> threshold of negative		
> threshold or < threshold	result or < threshold of	Equivocal result	
	positive result		

# Interpretation of amplification's results



If the result is invalid or equivocal, the PCR should be repeated once again.

The result of the analysis is considered reliable only if the results obtained for Positive and Negative Controls of amplification as well as for the Negative Control of extraction are correct (Table 3).



Control	Stage for	Result of aut	Result of automatic interpretation	
Control	control	FAM channel	HEX channel	Interpretation
C–	DNA extraction	> threshold	< threshold of negative result	ОК
NCA	Amplification	< threshold	< threshold of negative result	ОК
C+ <sub>Helicobacter</sub> pylori	Amplification	< threshold	threshold of positive result	ОК
CS+	Amplification	> threshold	< threshold of positive result	ОК

### **Results for controls**

# **10. TROUBLESHOOTING**

Results of analysis are not taken into account in the following cases:

- If the signal of the Positive Control of amplification (C+<sub>Helicobacter pylori</sub>) in the HEX channel is less than the threshold of positive result, PCR and detection should be repeated for all samples in which *Helicobacter pylori* DNA was not detected.
- 2. If the signal of the Negative Control of extraction (C-) in the HEX channel and/or the Negative Control of amplification (NCA) in the FAM and HEX channels is higher than the threshold of positive signal, PCR should be repeated (starting from DNA extraction stage) for all samples where *Helicobacter pylori* DNA was detected.
- 3. No positive signal in C+ may indicate incorrect programming of the temperature profile of the thermocycler, incorrect configuration of PCR, noncompliance of the storage conditions for kit components with the manufacturer's instruction, or the expiration of the reagent kit. Check programming of the thermocycler (see 8.2.2.), storage conditions, and the expiration date of the reagents and repeat PCR once again for all samples.
- 4. If no signal was detected either in the channel for detection of the pathogen DNA or in the channel for detection of IC, the sample should be examined once again (PCR and detection). The same applies to the samples with equivocal results, because the fact that the specific signal does not exceed the threshold value is not sufficient to consider a sample as positive. If equivocal results are obtained in the second run, the analysis should be repeated starting from the DNA extraction stage.
- 5. Positive signal in C- and NCA indicates reagent or sample contamination. In this case, the results of analysis must be considered as invalid. The analyses must be repeated and measures for detecting and eliminating the contamination source must be taken.

If you have any further questions or if encounter problems, please contact our Authorized representative in the European Community.

# **11. TRANSPORTATION**

**AmpliSens<sup>®</sup>** *Helicobacter pylori*-FEP PCR kit should be transported at 2–8 °C for no longer than 5 days.

# **12. STABILITY AND STORAGE**

All components of the **AmpliSens<sup>®</sup>** *Helicobacter pylori*-FEP PCR kit (except for PCR-mix-1-FL *Helicobacter pylori* / STI, Polymerase (TaqF) and PCR-mix-2-FRT) are to be stored at 2–8 °C when not in use. All components of the **AmpliSens<sup>®</sup>** *Helicobacter pylori*-FEP PCR kit are stable until the expiration date on the label. The shelf life of opened reagents is the same as that of unopened reagents, unless otherwise stated.



PCR-mix-1-FL *Helicobacter pylori* / STI, polymerase (TaqF), and PCR-mix-2-FRT are to be stored at temperature from minus 24 to minus 16 °C when not in use.

PCR-mix-1-FL Helicobacter pylori / STI is to be kept away from light.

# **13. SPECIFICATIONS**

#### 13.1. Sensitivity

The analytical sensitivity of **AmpliSens<sup>®</sup>** *Helicobacter pylori*-FEP PCR kit is following:

Clinical material	Nucleic acid extraction kit	Sensitivity, GE/ml <sup>1</sup>
Biopsy material of	DNA-sorb-B	1x10 <sup>3</sup>
Biopsy material of gastric mucosa <sup>2</sup>	RIBO-prep	1x10 <sup>3</sup>

#### 13.2. Specificity

The analytical specificity of **AmpliSens**<sup>®</sup> *Helicobacter pylori*-FEP PCR kit is ensured by selection of specific primers and probes as well as strict reaction conditions. The primers and probes were checked for possible homologies to all sequences deposited in gene banks by sequence comparison analysis. Nonspecific reactions were absent while testing human DNA samples and DNA panel of the following microorganisms: *Campylobacter jejuni ssp. jejuni* 43435, C.*fetus ssp. fetus* 25936, 20 strains of *C.jejuni*, 20 strains of *C.coli*, 5 strains of *C.lari*, 5 strains of *C.hyointestinalis* and 9 strains of *C.fetus*; *Salmonella enteritidis* S-6, *S.choleraesuis* 370, *S.typhimurium* 371, *S.dublin* 373, *S.typhi* C1,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Genome equivalents (GE) of the microorganism per 1 ml of a clinical sample placed in the transport medium specified. <sup>2</sup> Pretreatment is not required.

S.abortusovis 372 and S. gallinarum-pullorum; Shigella flexneri 851b; Clebsiella K 65 SW4; Listeria monocitogenes USKhCh 19 and L. monocitogenes USKhCh 52; Proteus vulgaris 115/98; Pseudomonas aeruginosa DN c1; Staphilococcus aureus 653 and S.aureus 29112; Morganella morganii 619 c 01; and Enterobacter faecalis 356. The clinical specificity of AmpliSens<sup>®</sup> Helicobacter pylori-FEP PCR kit was confirmed in laboratory clinical trials.

#### **14. REFERENCES**

- Handbook "Sampling, Transportation, and Storage of Clinical Material for PCR Diagnostics", developed by Federal Budget Institute of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology" of Federal Service for Surveillance on Consumers' Rights Protection and Human Well-Being, Moscow, 2008.
- Guidelines "End-Point PCR Detection of *Helicobacter pylori* DNA", developed by Federal Budget Institute of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology" of Federal Service for Surveillance on Consumers' Rights Protection and Human Well-Being, Moscow.

#### **15. QUALITY CONTROL**

In compliance with Federal Budget Institute of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology" ISO 13485-Certified Quality Management System, each lot of **AmpliSens**<sup>®</sup> *Helicobacter pylori*-FEP PCR kit has been tested against predetermined specifications to ensure consistent product quality.

# 16. KEY TO SYMBOLS USED

REF	Catalogue number	Σ	Sufficient for
LOT	Batch code	$\sum$	Expiration Date
IVD	<i>In vitro</i> diagnostic medical device	i	Consult instructions for use
VER	Version		Keep away from sunlight
	Temperature limitation	NCA	Negative control of amplification
	Manufacturer	C–	Negative control of extraction
[]	Date of manufacture	C+ <sub>Helicobacter</sub> pylori	Positive control of amplification
EC REP	Authorised representative in the European Community	IC	Internal control
$\triangle$	Caution	CS+	Positive Control of Amplification of IC



VER	Location of changes	Essence of changes
19.06.11 RT	Cover page, text	The name of Institute was changed to Federal Budget Institute of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology"